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Revision Date
February 2021

Section 1: Product Identification

Product Type: Concrete Sealant

Product Name:
Super Diamond Glaze

Section 2: Hazard Identification

Hazard Risk Classification

This product has been evaluated according to GHS and 29CFR1910.1200, Appendix A, and classified as:

- Aspiration hazard, hazard category 1
- Eye irritant, hazard category 2
- Skin irritant, hazard category 2
- Specific target organ toxicity – single exposure, hazard category 3
Irritation, narcotic effects
- Carcinogenicity, hazard category 2 (ethylbenzene)
- Specific target organ toxicity, repeated exposure, hazard category 2
- Skin sensitization
- Flammable liquid, hazard category 3

Label Elements:

Hazard Pictograms:



Signal Word: Danger.

Hazard Statements:

- May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
- Causes serious eye irritation.
- Causes skin irritation
- May cause respiratory irritation
- Suspected of causing cancer.
- May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
- May cause allergic skin reaction
- May cause damage to organs (nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure



Flammable liquid and vapor

Precautionary Statements:

General

Read label before use. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container at hand.

Prevention

Obtain special instructions before use.

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

Wear protective gloves/eye protection/face protection.

Wear protective clothing. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the work place.

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, and open flames. Keep container tightly closed. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. No smoking.

Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment where flammable vapors can be generated.

Avoid breathing vapors.

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

Wash hands and other exposed skin thoroughly after handling.

Response

If exposed or concerned, if eye irritation or skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention.

If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with plenty of water/shower. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a poison center or doctor if you feel unwell.

If swallowed: Immediately call a poison center or doctor. Do NOT induce vomiting.

In case of fire: Use a Class B fire extinguisher (such as carbon dioxide, dry chemical).

Storage:

Store locked up, in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Keep container tightly closed.

Disposal:

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with all local, state, national, and international regulations.

Supplemental Label Elements:



Delayed Effects from Long Term Exposure:

Contains solvents which can cause permanent brain and nervous system damage. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents can be harmful or fatal.

Hazards not otherwise classified:

None known.

Section 3: Hazardous Ingredients/Composition

Ingredient	Typical Percentage*	CAS #
Xylene	50-65%	1330-20-7
Ethylbenzene1-10%	100-41-4
Ethyl acetoacetate.....	15.25%	141-97-9
Benzotriazole ultraviolet light absorbers	<5%	*

*Specific chemical identities and concentrations withheld as trade secret. They are available upon request to health professionals, employees and their designated representatives in accord with 29CFR1910.1200(i).

Section 4: First Aid Measures

Eye contact:

Hold eyelids apart and flush eyes with plenty of water. At least fifteen minutes of flushing is recommended for any chemical contact. Check for and remove any contact lenses. If any irritation persists, get medical attention.

Skin Contact:

Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash off with soap and plenty of water. Wash contaminated clothing and clean contaminated shoes before reuse.

Inhalation:

Move to fresh air. If breathing difficulty develops, provide oxygen or give artificial respiration and seek medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Ingestion:

Get medical attention (check with the Poison Control Center or a doctor). Do **not** induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tightly clothing such as collar, tie, belt, or waistband.

Symptoms of overexposure:

Eye:

Eye irritation or pain, watering, redness could develop from direct contact or from vapors.



Skin:

Can dry skin and cause skin cracking. May cause irritation and/or redness. Acrylic resin as dissolved in solvent can cause allergic skin reaction (not likely once product has cured).

Inhaled:

High vapor concentrations will be irritating to the nose and throat. Breathing large amounts can cause headaches, dizziness, weakness, irritability, coughing, nausea (narcotic effects), and/or unconsciousness. May cause central nervous system depression.

Ingestion:

If swallowed/vomited, liquid can enter the lungs (be aspirated) and cause chemical pneumonia, which can be fatal.

Note to physician: Treat according to symptoms. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled. No known specific antidote.

Section 5: Fire Fighting Measures

Suitable fire extinguishing media: Use Class B extinguisher (dry chemical, CO₂), water spray, water fog, or foam.

Unsuitable fire extinguishing media: Do not use a direct stream of water.

Unsuitable fire extinguishing media: Do not use water jet.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical: Flammable liquid and vapor. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. The vapor/gas is heavier than air and will spread along the ground. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel across ground in a considerable distance to ignition sources and flash back. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.

Hazardous combustion products: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, acrylic monomers.

Special protective actions for fire-fighters: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Cool fire-exposed containers with water spray to prevent container weakening and rupture. Prevent runoff from entering sewers, streams, water sources.



Special protective equipment for fire-fighters: Firefighters should wear personal protective equipment suitable for petroleum fuel fire, including self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in a positive pressure mode.

Section 6: Accidental Release Measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:

General precautions: Control sources of ignition. Stop leak if you can do so safely. Contain spill. Dike drains to prevent entry into sewers, waterways. Soak up with absorbent material. Use nonsparking tools to clean up spilled material.

For non-emergency personnel: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate protective equipment.

For emergency responders: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spill, refer to information in Section 8 on suitable and non-suitable materials.

Environmental precautions: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff contact with soil, waterways, drains, and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil, or air).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up:

Small spill: Stop leak if you can do so safely. Move containers from spill area. Use non-sparking tools and explosion-proof equipment. Absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of container via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill: Stop leak if you can do so safely. Move containers from spill area. Use non-sparking tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers or confined areas. Contain and collect spilled material with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of container via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product.

Section 7: Handling and Storage

Precautions for Safe Handling:

Protective measures: Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Use in well-ventilated area. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Do



not breathe vapor or mist. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or a properly labeled approved alternative made from a compatible material. Keep container tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame, or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting, and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Ground and bond containers when transferring materials, to control static electricity. Do not cut or weld on empty containers, as empty containers can contain explosive vapors. Do not reuse container.

General hygiene advice: Eating, drinking, and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored, and processed. Wash hands and face after use, especially before eating, drinking, and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Refer to Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Conditions for safe storage including any incompatibilities: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container away from heat, fire, sources of ignition, direct sunlight, and away from incompatible materials and oxidizing materials (refer to Section 10). Store away from food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container closed when not in use. Containers that have been opened must be tightly closed and resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Section 8: Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Occupational Exposure Limits:

	OSHA PEL	OSHA 1989 PEL ¹	ACGIH TLV	NIOSH REL
Acrylic resin	None established			
Xylene	100 ppm	100 ppm TWA 150 ppm STEL	100 ppm TWA 150 ppm STEL	100 ppm TWA 150 ppm STEL
Ethylbenzene	100 ppm	100 ppm TWA 125 ppm STEL CalOSHA: 5 ppm TWA, 30 ppm STEL	20 ppm	100 ppm TWA 125 ppm STEL
Ethyl acetoacetate	None established			
Benzotriazole UV light absorbers	None established			

¹For states that adopted the 1989 PEL revisions (Minnesota, Oregon, Washington, California (except as stated))



Engineering Controls:

Sufficient to maintain vapors below recommended limits. General ventilation is usually adequate for typical product use.

Personal protective measures and equipment

Hygiene measures: Wash hands, forearms, and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking, and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Remove potentially contaminated clothing and wash before reusing.

Eye/face protection: Safety glasses with side shields are recommended to ensure against any eye contact.

Hand protection: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves should be worn when handling uncured product, particularly for prolonged contact. Check gloves during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties.

Skin and body protection: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the tasks performed and risks involved. Usually not required unless body or foot contact expected.

Respiratory protection: If concentrations cannot be maintained below exposure limits with ventilation alone, use cartridge respirator with organic vapor cartridges. Choose a respirator with an appropriate assigned protection factor for the expected concentrations.

Section 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

Appearance:	Cloudy, viscous liquid.
Odor:	Mild odor
Flash point:	94°F
Flammable limits:	Not determined for product.
Boiling Point:	Not determined for product
Melting point:	Not determined.
Auto Ignition temperature:	Not determined.
Decomposition temperature:	Not determined.
Viscosity:	Less than 150 cps.
Specific Gravity:	0.95
Density:	7.9 pounds per gallon
Solubility in water:	Not soluble
Partition coefficient (Kow):	Not determined.
Vapor pressure:	Not determined for product.
Vapor density:	Not determined for product.
Evaporation rate (butyl acetate = 1):	<1
VOC %:	<700%



Section 10: Stability and Reactivity

Reactivity: No specific test data related to reactivity is available for this product or its ingredients.

Stability: stable

Possibility of hazardous reactions: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid: Avoid all possible sources of ignition, including heat, sparks, or flame. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Do not allow vapor to accumulate in low or confined areas.

Incompatibility: strong oxidizing agents, strong acids or alkalis

Hazardous polymerization: will not occur

Hazardous decomposition products: none expected in normal use.

Section 11: Toxicological Information

Toxicity testing has not been done on product as a whole.

Acrylic resin:

No GHS classification.

Supplier reports that it may cause an allergic skin reaction when dissolved into organic solvent

Ethyl acetoacetate

GHS classification:

Flammable liquid, hazard category 4

Not considered acutely toxic

LD50 dermal, rabbit, >10,000 mg/kg

LD50, oral, rat, ≥ 3980 mg/kg

Irritation: not a skin irritant. Slight eye irritation from direct contact (2B)

Not classified as specific target organ toxicant. Not classified for germ cell mutagenicity.

Not considered a carcinogen by IARC, OSHA, or NTP.

Xylene:

GHS Classification:

Flammable liquid, hazard category 3



Skin irritation, hazard category 2
Eye irritation, hazard category 2A
STOT-SE hazard category 3 (respiratory irritation, narcotic effects)
Aspiration hazard category 1
Specific target organ toxicity, repeated exposure – hazard category 2
(nervous system effects)
Hazard to the aquatic environment (acute) – hazard category 2

TCLo, human inhalation: 200 ppm

LCLo, human inhalation: 6125 ppm/12 hours

Rat, inhalation, 8 hr/day/6 months, NOEL: 346 ppm. LOEL: 923 ppm.

Can affect central nervous system, kidney at high levels. At high levels, may cause cardiac arrhythmia

Causes central nervous system depression.

Irritating to skin and eyes

Odor threshold: 0.2-2 ppm

Not considered a carcinogen by IARC, OSHA, or NTP.

Ethylbenzene: a component of xylene. Primarily a hazard from inhalation. Irritating to eyes, skin, respiratory tract.

GHS classification

Carcinogen, hazard category 2

Aspiration hazard category 1

Flammable liquid, hazard category 2

Skin irritation, hazard category 2

Eye irritation, hazard category 2A

STOT-SE hazard category 3 (respiratory irritation, narcotic effects)

Specific target organ toxicity, repeated exposure – hazard category 2
(nervous system effects)

Hazard to the aquatic environment (acute) – hazard category 2

Can affect central nervous system, kidney, and liver

Odor is not a good guide to overexposure.

LD50, rat, oral: 3.5 – 4.7 g/kg

LC50, rat, inhalation, 4 hours; 4000 ppm

NOAEL, mice, 2 years repeated dose: 75 – 250 ppm

Classified as a 2B carcinogen by IARC. Not classified by NTP or OSHA

Benzotriazole ultraviolet light absorbers

GHS classification

Skin sensitizers, hazard category 1

Hazard to the aquatic environment (acute) – hazard category 1

Hazard to the aquatic environment (chronic) – hazard category 1

Acute toxicity: Oral, rat LD50 > 5000 mg/kg

Inhalation, rat, 14 days, LC50 >5800 mg/L

No data available on carcinogenicity



Information on the likely routes of exposure: Skin contact, eye contact, ingestion.

See section 4 for information on potential acute and chronic health effects:

Section 12: Ecological Information

Product as a whole has not been tested.

Ecotoxicity:

Persistence and degradability

Acrylic resin is nonbiodegradable.

Mobility in soil:

Acrylic resin has low mobility in soil

Bioaccumulation: based on ingredients, not likely to bioaccumulate

Section 13: Disposal Considerations

As provided, RCRA-regulated as D001 (ignitable), F003

Do not dump in sewer or on the ground.

Dispose of in accordance with federal, state, and local regulations.

Dried material may usually be disposed of as industrial solid waste.

Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld, or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way.

Section 14: Transportation

Proper shipping name: Not regulated in containers 119 gallons (450 L) or less.

Combustible Liquid in containers greater than 119 gallons for ground travel.

For containers greater than 119 gallons, vessel, international shipments, or air:

Proper shipping name: Coating solution (includes surface treatments or coatings used for industrial or other purposes such as vehicle undercoating, drum, or barrel lining).

UN Number: UN1139



Hazard class: 3
Packing group: III

Section 15: Regulatory Information

US Toxic Substance Control ACT (TSCA):

All ingredients of this product are listed, or are excluded from listing, on the US Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) chemical substance inventory.

This product does not contain any extremely hazardous substances regulated under SARA 302, 303 or CERCLA

Ethylbenzene is on California's List of Chemicals known to the state of California to cause cancer or reproductive effects (Proposition 65)

Chemicals on the New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List: ethylbenzene, xylenes

Hazardous air pollutants:
Ethylbenzene, xylene

SARA 311/312 Hazard Categories
Acute health hazard Yes
Chronic Health Hazard Yes
Fire hazard Yes
Sudden release of pressure hazard No
Reactive Hazard No

Section 16: Other Information

Hazardous Material Information System (USA)

HMIS® Rating: Health: 2 Fire: 3 Reactivity: 0
HMIS® is a registered trademark of the National Paint and Coatings Association
NFPA 704 Rating: Health: 2 Fire: 3 Instability: 0

Additional information on the product is available at. www.cemstone.com

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Replaces: 16 July 2019, Revision 1.2

NOTE: The information and recommendations contained herein are based upon data believed to be correct. However, no guarantee or warranty of any kind, express or implied, is made with respect to the information contained herein. We accept no responsibility and disclaim all liability for any harmful



Safety Data Sheet
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effects which may be caused by exposure to silica contained in our products. Before using any product, read its label and safety data sheet.